THOUGHT LEADERSHIP

LEGAL UPDATES

UPDATED: AUGUST 23, 2022

PUBLISHED: AUGUST 18, 2022

Service

Crypto, Digital Assets, & Blockchain

Professional

CASEY W. KIDWELL
OMAHA:
402.964.5061
CASEY.KIDWELL@
HUSCHBLACKWELL.COM

OFAC's Crackdown on Tornado Cash Protocol Raises Specter of Future Liability Concerns

The Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) recently made the unprecedented move of sanctioning a smart contract — a decentralized digital currency mixer called "Tornado Cash" — along with certain cryptocurrency addresses associated Tornado Cash. OFAC added Tornado Cash and its U.S.-based digital asset and smart contract addresses to its Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons (SDN) list. This action is unprecedented because Tornado Cash is a decentralized protocol and not a person or company. It is therefore unclear what the repercussions will be for those deemed by OFAC to be affiliated with Tornado Cash, which is software code without a centralized owner. However, with OFAC's SDN designation, U.S. entities must screen assets and counterparties to ensure that they are not affiliated with Tornado Cash.

OFAC alleges that, since 2019, over \$7 billion in cryptocurrency has been laundered (including by North Korea to evade U.S. sanctions) using Tornado Cash's protocol, which mixes or blends transactions to mask the source and flow of the transaction on the Ethereum blockchain. This is attractive to those wishing to transact anonymously.

It is clear that this type of service can be helpful in providing for the safety of the sender and the receiver of funds. For example, Ethereum co-founder Vitalik Buterin provided that he recently used Tornado Cash to support efforts in Ukraine. This is not an inconsequential point, given the massive — and escalating — data breaches that have compromised an alarming quantity of personal identifiable information (PII). Year to date, PII has been stolen from numerous organizations in the U.S., including healthcare systems, financial institutions, and agencies at all levels of government.

HUSCHBLACKWELL

However, OFAC has previously noted in its Sanctions Compliance Guidance for the Virtual Currency Industry, issued in October 2021 that the inclusion of virtual currency addresses on the SDN List may assist the industry in identifying other virtual currency addresses associated with blocked persons. Moreover, in its press release, OFAC warned, "[M]ixers should in general be considered as high-risk by virtual currency firms, which should only process transactions if they have appropriate controls in place to prevent mixers from being used to launder illicit proceeds."

Decentralized finance (DeFi) remains largely unregulated, so U.S. agencies like OFAC are attempting to combat the illicit activity it normally combats through more traditional financial channels. While OFAC sanctions are already chilling the use of Tornado Cash, its services cannot be shut down since it runs in a decentralized manner.

Interestingly, a man alleged to be the developer of the Tornado Cash protocol was arrested in Amsterdam. It is unclear what liability may be alleged and ultimately imposed on a developer for unknown third parties using his protocol for illicit purposes when the developer ultimately cannot control how others use the protocol.

Contact us

Husch Blackwell will continue monitoring developments surrounding OFAC's sanctions in connection with Tornado Cash and their implications for privacy and law enforcement. Please contact our team of cryptocurrency professionals if you have any related questions.